# Ongoing Remedial Work at the GE Hudson Falls Plant Site and GE Fort Edward Plant Site

USEPA Community Advisory Group Meeting November 15, 2007

> Division of Environmental Remediation New York State Department of Environmental Conservation





GE Hudson Falls Plant Site

# Remedial Program GE Hudson Falls Plant Site

- Record of Decision (ROD) issued March 16, 2004
- ROD identifies selected remedies for overburden soils, and overburden/bedrock groundwater

### Soil Remedy: Treatment/Disposal

- Building decommissioning and demolition
- Soil treatment and/or disposal, with cleanup level determined to be protective of groundwater
- Treatment technologies to be selected in design
- Monitoring program
- Institutional controls

### <u>Groundwater Remedy: Enhance</u> Existing Remedial System with Tunnel and Drain System

- Install and operate a tunnel and drain system along the western boundary of the site to supplement the existing system
- Expand the existing wastewater treatment plant from 125 to 375 gallons per minute
- Monitoring program and institutional controls



Remedial Work Spring 2007

- Limited removal of contaminated soils
- Compartments 1 and 3
- Soil removal to allow access for construction of tunnel drain collection system – groundwater portion of site remedy

### Photo of GE Hudson Falls plant site, displaying key locations for ongoing remedial projects at the site



### Photo of GE Hudson Falls plant site, displaying key locations for ongoing remedial projects at the site



# Schedule for Implementation GE Hudson Falls

- Soils removal to allow for tunnel drain collection system construction – started in late May 2007, completed in mid July 2007.
- Tunnel drain collection system started in August 2007; construction scheduled for approximately two years.

# **Construction Steps**

- Shaft Construction
- Tunnel Excavation
- Drain Installation
- System Fit-out

## Shaft Construction

- Excavation will be by blasting of rock
- Shaft will be 24 feet in diameter, and 200 feet deep
- Rock spoil will be excavated from the shaft and staged for sampling

## Shaft Construction

- Rock spoil which does not meet standards will be properly disposed off-site
- If the rock spoil meets standards, then the spoil is being placed in Compartment 3







# **Blasting Program**

- GE has hired an independent blasting expert to design the program to limit ground vibration
- A series of test blasts were conducted to verify the blast program design: 25% -60% - 100% of design charge weight per delay
- Modifications to the program will be made, if needed

# **Blasting Program**

- Ground vibration monitoring is being done to measure the impacts of blasting
- Nearby structures, including the Bakers Falls dam, are being monitored (survey of established control points after each blast) to measure impacts, if any, of blasting



### 😹 Instantel\*

#### Job 774 - Hudson Falls



Peak Vector Sum 0.394 in/s at 0.028 sec

## **Tunnel Construction**

- Tunnel construction will begin once shaft excavation is complete
- Tunnel will extend along river upstream to near the Bakers Falls dam, and west across the base of the falls
- Tunnel excavation will also be done by blasting



### Drain Installation

- Vertical drain wells will be installed from the tunnel up into the overlying bedrock to intercept contaminant flow to the river
- Drains will be connected to the site wastewater collection and treatment system



# System Fit Out

- Once the drain wells are installed, the remaining work will be done to complete the system
- Includes ventilation, access, pump and control installation

# **Community Protection**

- Air monitoring is being performed during all intrusive activities
- Dust monitoring
- Chemical monitoring being done if dust measurements are elevated above project standards, or when excavating in portions of the rock which could contain DNAPL

# Project Reporting

- Blast monitoring results (ground vibration and blast overpressure) submitted within 1 day of blast
- Weekly reporting of geotechnical monitoring and air monitoring
- Standard monthly reporting

### Project Contacts

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# Remedial Program GE Fort Edward Plant Site

- Record of Decision (ROD) issued February 2000 for Operable Units 3 and 4
- ROD identifies selected remedies for main manufacturing area (OU3) and former 004 outfall area (OU4)
- OU3 and OU4 RA construction complete

### OU4 RA

- Implemented using SSF in 2003-04
- Removal of soils / sediments adjacent to and downstream of former 004 outfall to Hudson River
- River diversion using bladder cofferdam to allow for construction access
- NAPL seeps observed in river bottom during removal




#### Initial Bedrock Investigation - 2003

- NYSDEC installed 6 shallow (~ 5 ft. in rock) in late 2003 to evaluate potential for NAPL to be within bedrock
- PCB DNAPL found to be present in shallow bedrock in vicinity of former outfall box
- Additional investigation required

### Preliminary Bedrock Investigations - 2005

- Order for additional investigation issued in summer 2005
- Limited scope of work, with provisions for additional work if determined necessary
- Additional bedrock wells installed to evaluate presence / absence of PCB DNAPL in rock

### Preliminary Investigation Findings

- GE report on preliminary investigations submitted in early 2007
- PCB oil identified at depth (20 feet) in bedrock
- NYSDEC determined that it is necessary to determine nature and extent of NAPL in bedrock



## Ongoing Remedial Investigation (RI)

- GE currently implementing the RI with State oversight
- The objective of the investigation is to delineate the extent of PCB oil in bedrock

## Investigation Work

- Monitoring wells were initially installed at a number of locations in the vicinity of the former outfall structure to a target depth of 50 feet; limited open intervals in rock
- All intervals were cored; each identified discrete open horizon was evaluated for well completion
- Rock core samples were sent to lab for rapid turn around PCB analyses

# Investigation Work

- Wells bailed / developed to check for DNAPL presence
- Groundwater samples collected for rapid turn around PCB and VOC analyses
- Some well locations adjusted in the field in response to initial investigation results
- Additional well locations / depths added

# Findings To Date

- PCB DNAPL identified at depth (> 100 feet) in vicinity of former outfall structure
- PCB DNAPL vertical or horizontal extent not yet delineated
- Discrete fractures in bedrock found to contain PCB in rock core samples







### Next Steps

- The overall scale at which the investigation is being performed is being modified; the PCB oil in bedrock is potentially not limited to the immediate vicinity of the former outfall
- The next targeted interval is the middle Snake Hill Shale at approximately 130 - 140 feet depth; same stratigraphic interval which is targeted by the TDCS at the Hudson Falls plant site